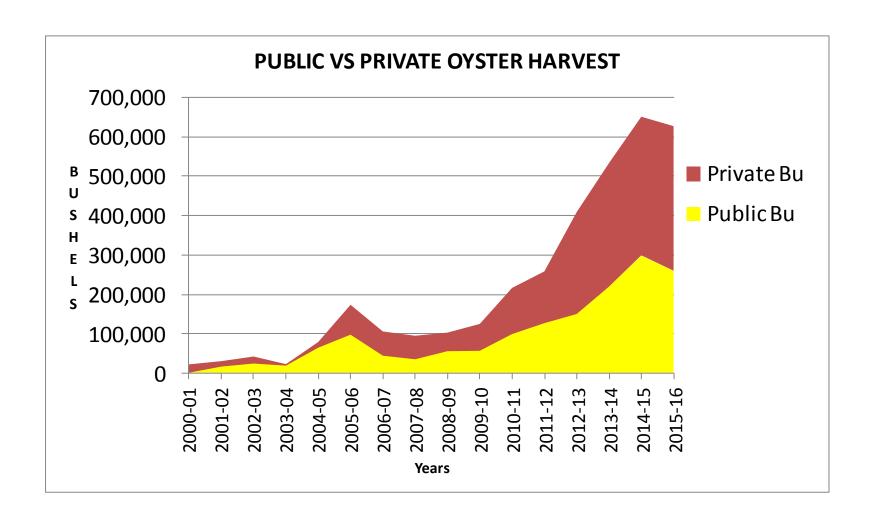
Virginia Oyster Management

Presentation given to Maryland's Oyster Advisory Commission by Jim Wesson, Virginia Marine Resource Commission, on 10/17/2016



EFFORT CONTROL

Options to Reduce Effort

- Reduce daily catch limit
- Shorten the season lengths
- Shorten the harvest day
- Quotas for areas or individuals
- Change gear
- Reduce the number of licenses



All Gear User Fee

- 2013 661
- 2014 877
- 2015 -- 991

Gear Licenses

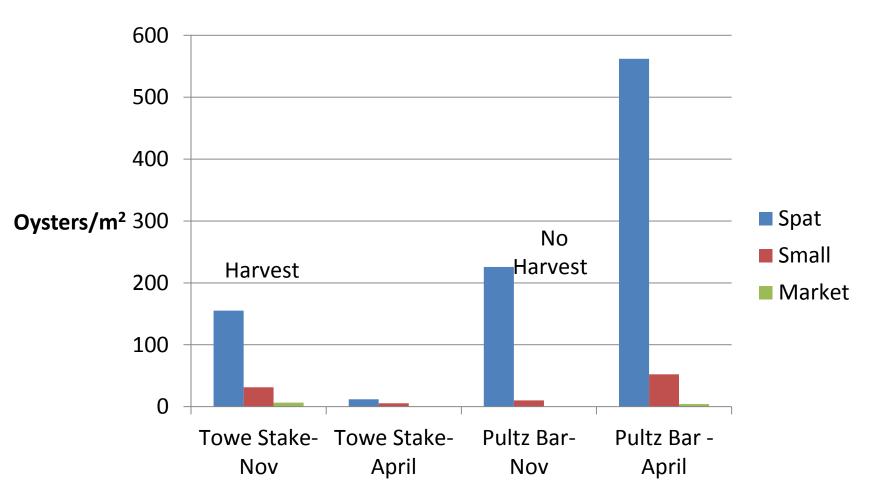
Gear	2014	2015
Hand Scrape	653	908
Oyster Dredge	305	377
Oyster Patent Tong	7	44



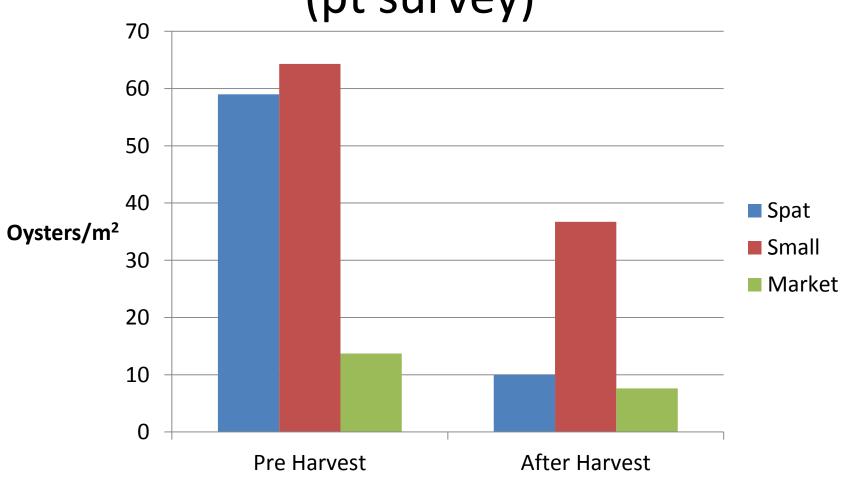




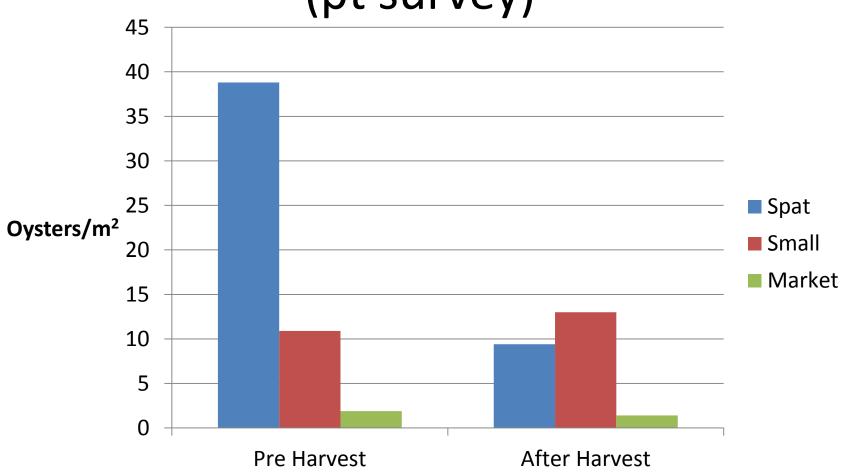
Mobjack Bay Handscrape Area (pt survey)



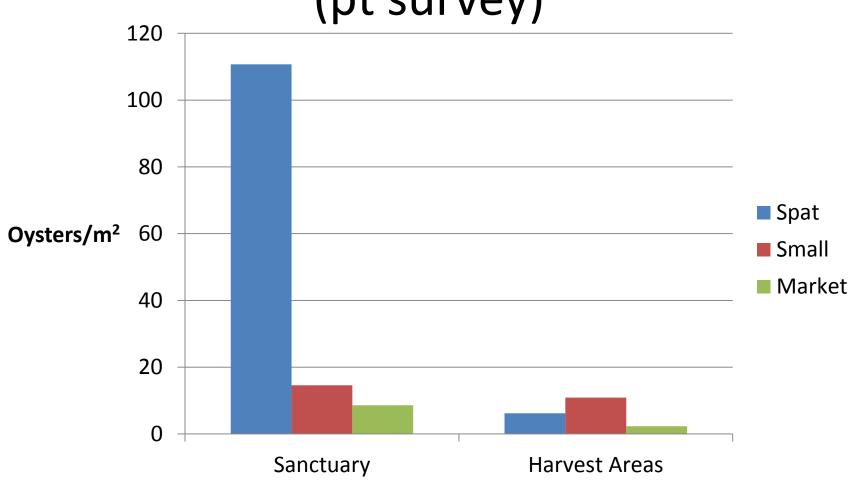
Great Wicomico River Cranes Creek Handscrape Area (pt survey)



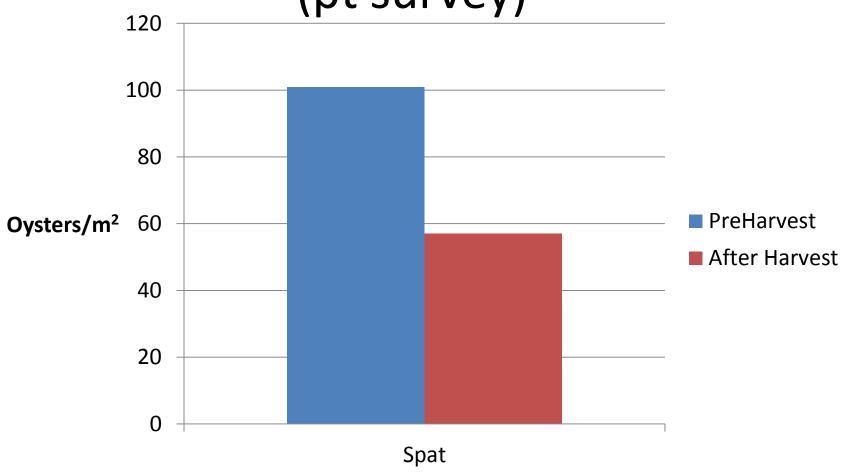
Tangier Sound Johnson's Rock Dredge Area (pt survey)



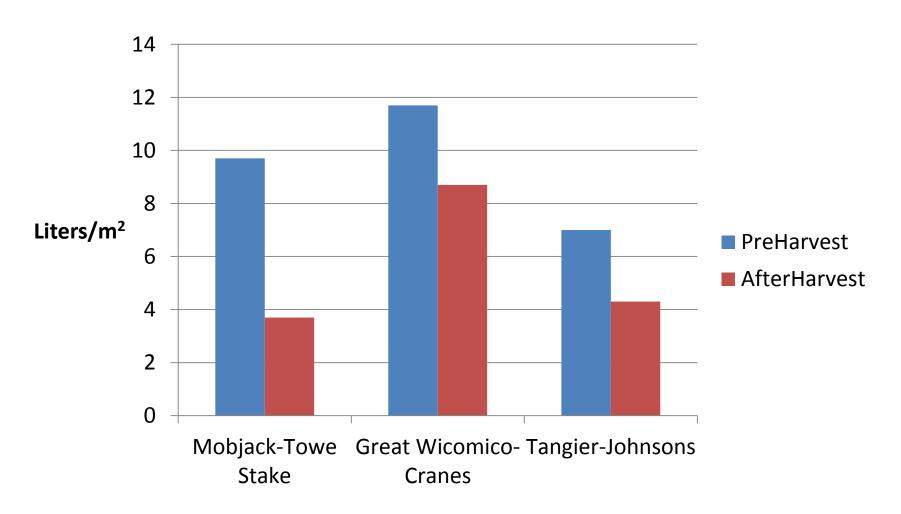
Rappahannock River Temple Bay Handscrape Area 5 (pt survey)



James River Hand Scrape Area (pt survey)



Cultch Brown Shell



Harvest By Dredge or Handscrape

- Always reduces the number of oysters for all size classes
- The smaller the oyster, the greater the impact
- Always reduces the quantity and quality of shell available for future spatset

Table 4. Reported harvest and effort information combined from the <u>last two hand scrape gear</u> seasons, October 1, 2013 through April 30, 2015.

Average Number of Harvest Days Reported (2013/14 and 2014/15 Seasons)	d Number of		Average Bushels Reported (2013/14 and 2014/15 Seasons)	% of Potential Effort for January 2016 and later	% of Reported Harvest (fall 2013-Spring 2015, combined)			
Eligible* But Did Not Buy License		357 4	09 0	31 3	6% 0			
0 60	03	52	0 52	5	9%			
1-9		82	4.043					
10-14		50 - 1	94 4,798	4 - 1	6% 3 9%			
15-19		62	8,191	5				
20-29		128	23,742	11	13			
30-39		122	29,137	11	16			
40-49		101	32,089	9	17			
50-59	41 🗌	82	30,263	0/ 7 Q1	1% 16			
60-69		42	18,530 48	70 ₄ 3.	10			
70-79		43	21,914	4	12			
80-89		20	12,274	2	7			
90+		3	2,553	0	1			
Total		1,144	187,538	100	100			
*Eligible includes all individuals who have ever purchased a hand scrape gear license ¹⁸								

Table 6. Reported harvest and effort information from the <u>last two oyster dredge gear seasons</u> from October 1, 2013 through April 30, 2015.

Average Number of Harvest Days Reported (2013/14 and 2014/15 Seasons)	Number of Individuals		Average Bushels Reported (2013/14 and 2014/15 Seasons)		% of Potential Effort		Hai 2013-S	% of Reported Harvest (fall 2013-Spring 2015, combined)	
Eligible* But Did Not Buy License		334	80	0		49	56%	0	
0 1-9 47 9	9	46 57		⁰ _{2,362} 70	%	7	0%	3	
10-14		25 9	9	2,403		4	L4%	3 10%	
15-19		17		2,632		2		4	
20-29		43		8,014		6		11	
30-39		66		17,337_		10		25	
40-49 20	6 🚽	52		17,028 30	% =	8 9	0% =	24	
50-59		39		17,133		6		25	
60-69		6		2,952		1		4	
Total		685		69,861		100		100	

^{*}Eligible includes all individuals who have ever purchased a oyster dredge gear license

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"PERTAINING TO RESTRICTIONS ON OYSTER HARVEST" CHAPTER 4 VAC 20-720-10 ET SEQ.

4 VAC 20-720-15. Control Date and Agents.

•

A. The Commission hereby establishes July 1, 2014, as the control date for management of all public oyster fisheries in Virginia. Participation by any individual in any public oyster fishery after the control date will not be considered in the calculation or distribution of oyster fishing rights should entry limitations be established. Any individual entering the public oyster fishery after the control date will forfeit any right to future participation in the public oyster fishery should further entry limitations be established by the Commission.

Control Date July 1, 2014

- Total Individual User Fees 1124
- Before Control Date- 742
- After Control Date- 382

Effort Control

- After Control Date- 382
- Remove from Oyster Fishery- 382

- Remaining in Fishery, January 2017
 - -1124 user fees -382 = 742

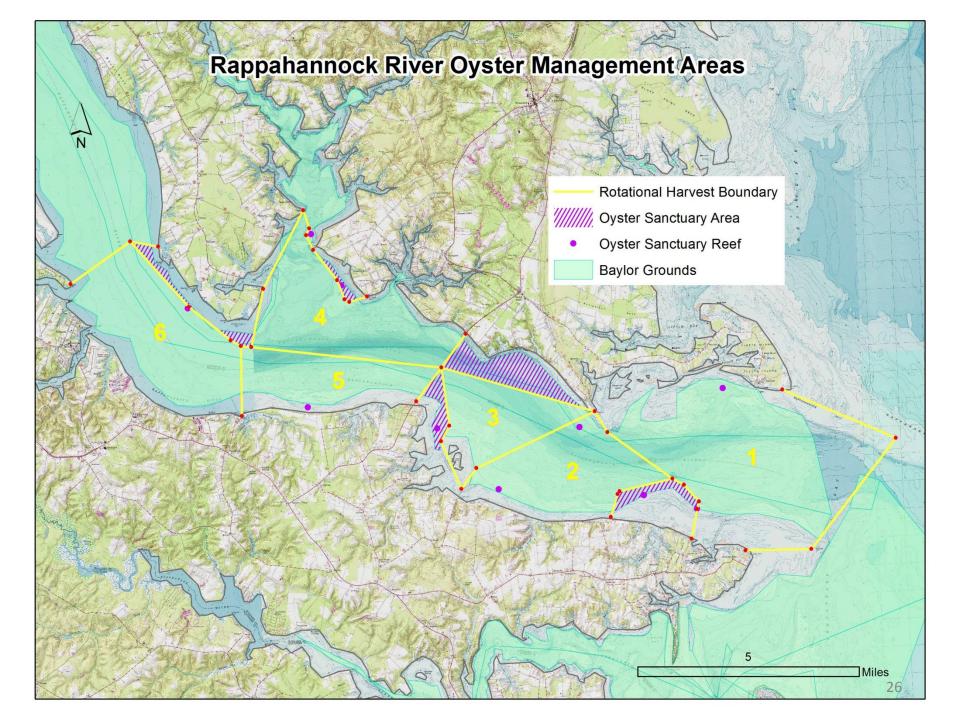
"PERTAINING TO RESTRICTIONS ON OYSTER HARVEST" CHAPTER 4 VAC 20-720-10 ET SEQ.

- 4 VAC 20-720-80. Quotas and harvest limits.
- E. Beginning February 23, 2016, payment of the oyster resource user fee that allows any harvester to use one or more gear types to harvest oysters or possess any bushel limit, as described in this section, shall be limited to those individuals who previously paid an oyster resource user fee. Beginning on May 1, 2016, payment of the oyster resource user fee shall be limited to those individuals who previously paid an oyster resource user fee and those persons who wish to obtain an oyster hand tong license for the purpose of harvesting seed oysters.

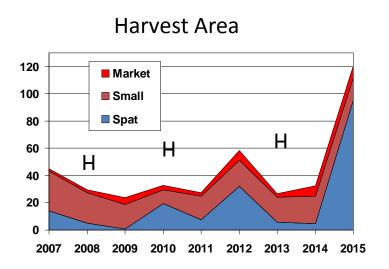
Effort Control Scenarios Maintain Freeze

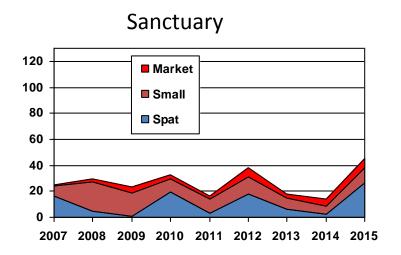
- 1124 Individuals with User Fees (2016)
- Must Purchase Your User Fee to Maintain Eligibility Status by April 30, 2017.
- After April 30, 2017, if an Individual Does Not Purchase User Fee in Any Given Year, He(She) is Out
- No New Sales of User fees until Reach 600
- To get in the Fishery until 600 is reached:
- Immediate Family Transfers or,
- Can Buy A User Fee if Purchased From an Individual with Greater Than 40 Days of Activity the Previous Calendar Year

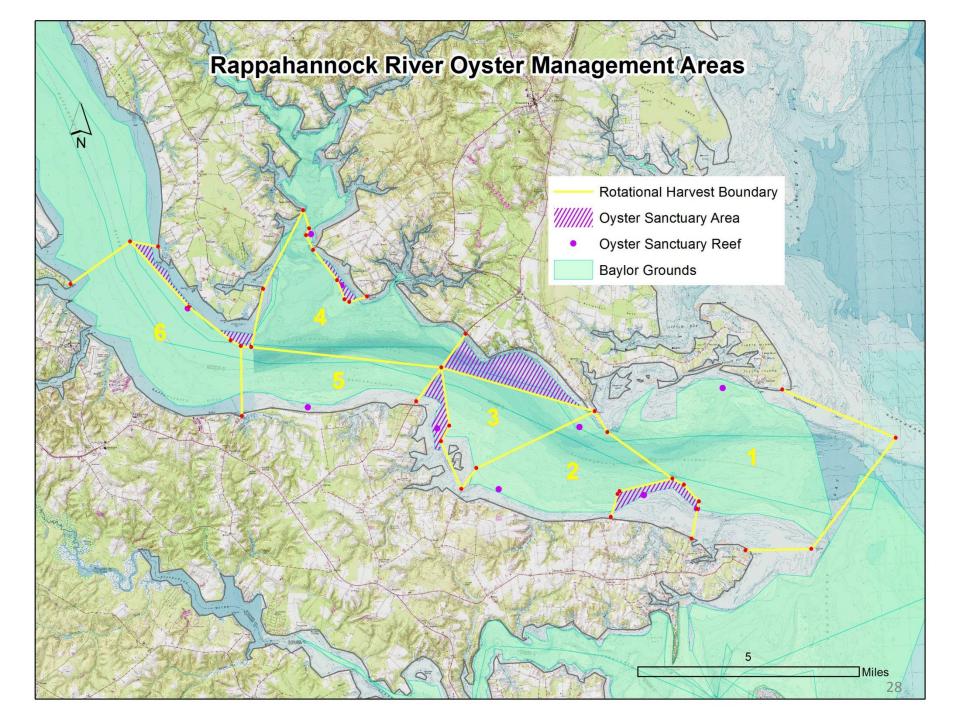
ROTATION



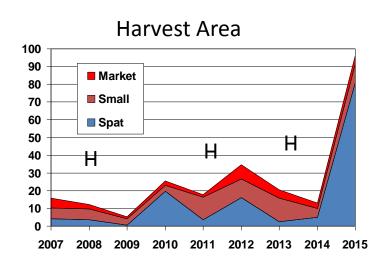
Rappahannock River Area 4 (oys/m²)

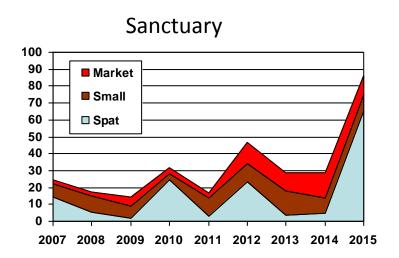


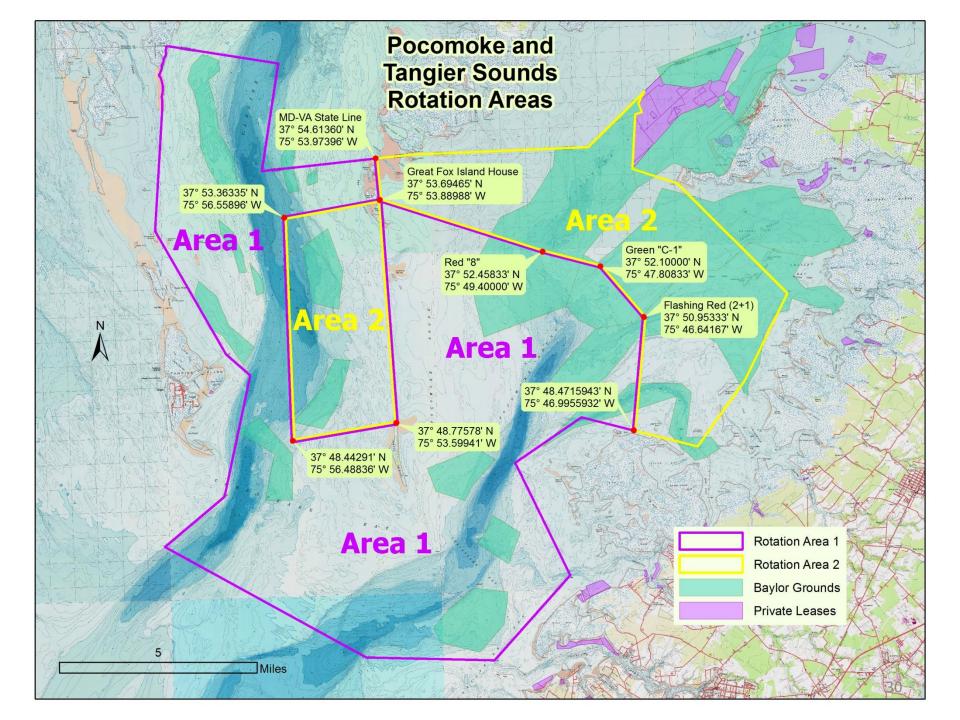




Rappahannock River Area 2 (oys/m²)

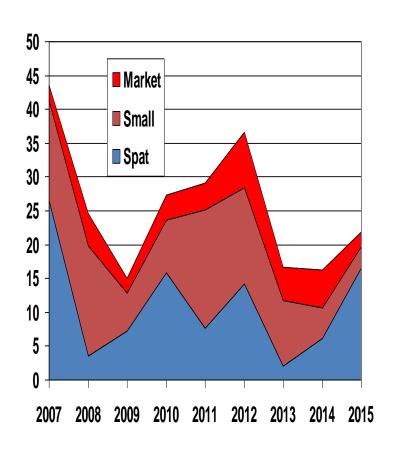


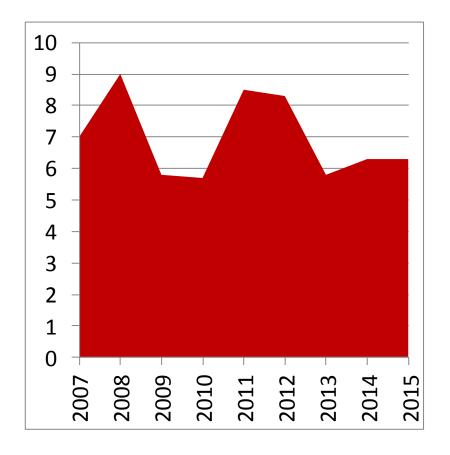




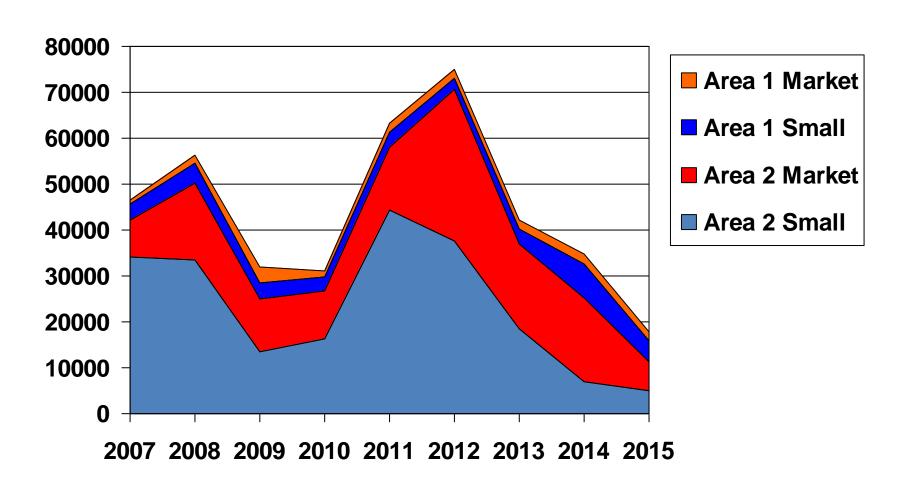
Tangier-Pocomoke Area 2

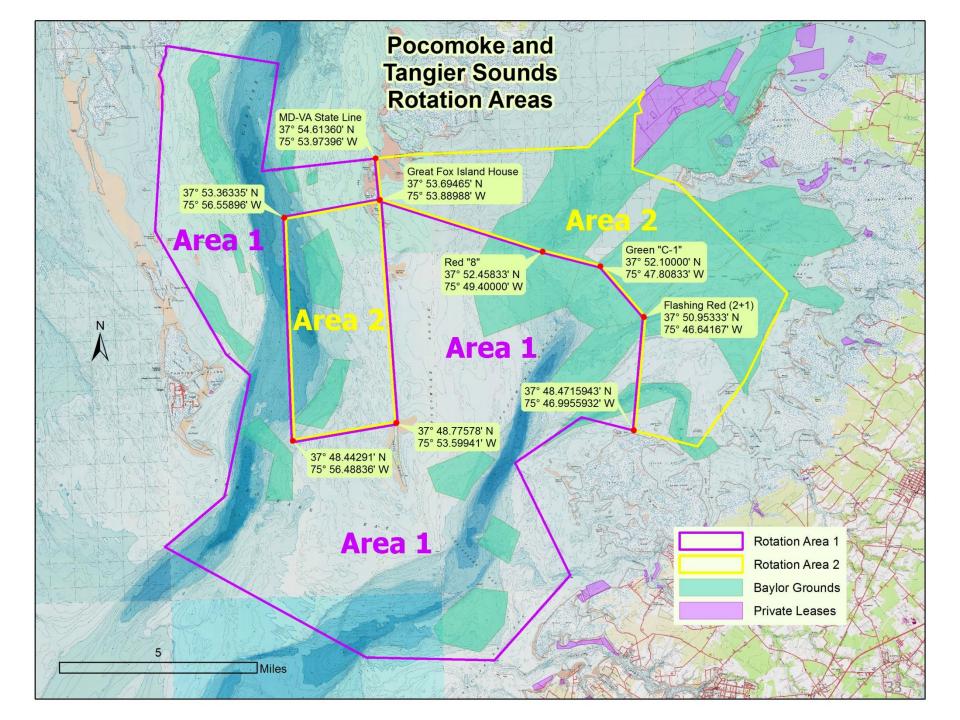
(Stocks and Cultch/m²)

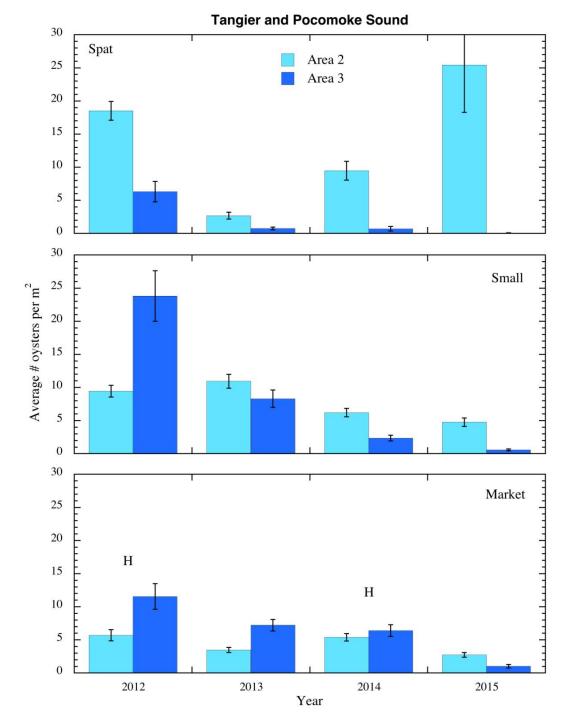


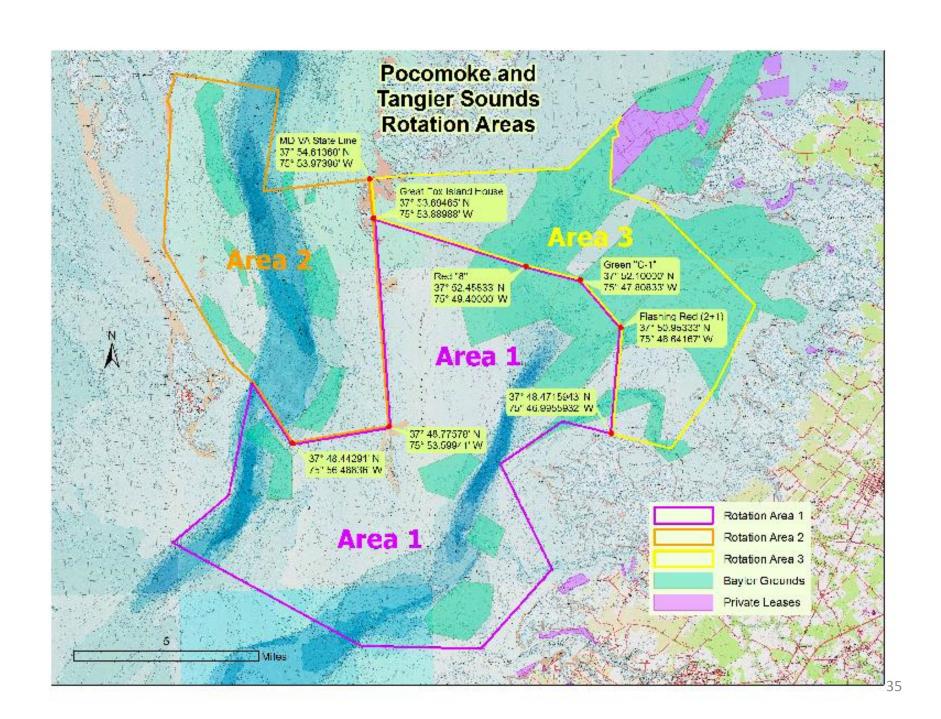


Tangier-Pocomoke Harvest Rotation Areas Standing Stocks (bu)









Lessons from Rotation

- Must have dependable spatset
- Must have shells in good condition
- The period of rest(no harvest) is the key, because of the destructive nature of the harvest gear
- Three years appears to be a better rotation period than 2 years

CONCERNS FOR THE FUTURE

#3. Natural reef, no F, increased M (disease). Decreased oyster longevity, lower shell addition rate to exposed layer, offset by **CONTINUAL** replenishment until M=(B+D), **system stable**.

Recruitment, R, and growth: S/R relationship

Live oyster population characterized by density and demographics

Fishing mortality, F, with loss of shell

Increased substrate enhancement

Natural mortality, M, including disease adds shell to exposed pool

Replenishment, r

This is the reality of sanctuaries!

Exposed shell layer (brown shell)– substrate for recruitment

Loss to burial, B

Reef structure - buried shell mixed with sediment



Loss to biological degradation and chemical dissolution, D, salinity dependent

